FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

CONTENTS

Committee's Report	1
Independent Audit Report	2
Statement of Profit or Loss & Comprehensive Income	4
Statement of Financial Position	5
Statement of Changes in Equity	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8
Financial Declaration for Responsible Person	23
Disclaimer on Additional Financial Information	24
Supplementary Information	25

COMMITTEE'S REPORT

Your committee members submit the financial report of the Shoalhaven Women's Health Centre Incorporated for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

Committee Members

The names of committee members throughout the year and at the date of this report are:

Lynette Gerstenberg - Chairperson Dorothy Winspear - Treasurer Michelle Waples - Secretary Erin Nichols Kaye Morris Maureen Corless

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the association during the financial year were:

To provide a not-for-profit primary health care service for women in the Shoalhaven within a feminist framework.

Significant Changes

No significant change in the nature of these activities occurred during the year.

Operating Result

The deficit for the year amounted to \$17,722.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the members of the committee.

Committee Member: Offens lengers

Committee Member:

Dorothy Winspear - Ťreasurer

Dated 17 August 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SHOALHAVEN WOMEN'S HEALTH CENTRE INCORPORATED A.B.N. 71 272 156 547

Audit Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Shoalhaven Women's Health Centre Incorporated (the association), which comprises the statement of financial position as at year ended 30 June 2022, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the statement by members of the committee.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of Shoalhaven Women's Health Centre Incorporated is in accordance with the Associations Incorporations Act 2009 and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the association's financial position as at the year ended 30 June 2022 and of its performance and cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Regulation 2013.

Basis of Audit Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report. We are independent of the association in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Associations Incorporations Act 2009 and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Committee for the Financial Report

The committee of the association is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the Associations Incorporations Act 2009, and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012 and for such internal control as the committee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the committee is responsible for assessing the association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SHOALHAVEN WOMEN'S HEALTH CENTRE INCORPORATED A.B.N. 71 272 156 547

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Booth Partners

David Murphy, CA

52 Osborne Street, Nowra NSW 2541

Dated 17 August 2022

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	\$	\$
Revenue	2	518,605	549,474
Other income	2	12,903	27,497
Depreciation		(4,285)	(4,683)
Employment Expenses		(444,314)	(484,537)
Other Expenses		(64,998)	(56,153)
Rent - Short Term Operating Leases	_	(35,633)	(35,240)
Deficit before income tax	3	(17,722)	(3,642)
Income tax expense	_	<u> </u>	_
Surplus (deficit) for the year	-	(17,722)	(3,642)
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to	-		
members of the association	=	(17,722)	(3,642)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	302,020	289,073
Trade and other receivables	5	1,590	1,433
Other current assets	6	3,955	4,906
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<u>-</u>	307,565	295,412
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	7	9,484	13,803
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	9,484	13,803
TOTAL ASSETS	-	317,049	309,215
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	8	33,973	26,659
Short term provisions	9	74,785	61,809
Other current liabilities	10	89,662	86,031
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	- -	198,420	174,499
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term provisions	9	9,884	8,249
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	9,884	8,249
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	208,304	182,748
NET ASSETS	=	108,745	126,467
EQUITY			
Retained earnings		108,745	126,467
TOTAL EQUITY	=	108,745	126,467

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Retained Profits
Balance at 1 July 2020	130,109
Surplus (deficit) for the year	(3,642)
Other comprehensive income for the year	
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the entity	(3,642)
Income tax expense	
Balance at 30 June 2021	126,467
Balance at 1 July 2021	126,467
Surplus (deficit) for the year	(17,722
Other comprehensive income for the year	
Total comprehensive income attributable to members of the entity	(17,722)
Balance at 30 June 2022	108,745

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
	11010	<u>T.</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from funding bodies and clients		534,531	534,122
Payments to suppliers and employees		(522,035)	(579,426)
Interest received		451	979
Cashflow Boost		-	22,035
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	12,947	(22,290)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		-	(7,168)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	-	-	(7,168)
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		12,947	(29,458)
Cash at beginning of financial year		289,073	318,531
Cash at end of year	4	302,020	289,073

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Associations Incorporations Act 2009 and the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012. The association is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in the financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions to which they apply. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below. They have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements, except for cash flow information, have been prepared on an accrual basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

The financial statements of Shoalhaven Women's Health Centre Incorporated for the year ended 30 June 2022 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the committee on 17 August 2022.

Change in Accounting Policy

AASB 1060 General Purpose Financial Statements - Simplified Disclosures for For-Profit and Not-for-Profit Tier 2 Entities

AASB 1060: General Purpose Financial Statements - Simplified Disclosures for For-Profit and Not-for Profit Tier 2 Entities has been adopted for the first time this reporting period. The standard, which sets out a new separate disclosure Standard to be applied by all entities that are reporting under Tier 2 of the Differential Reporting Framework in AASB 1053: Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting, replaces the previous Reduced Disclosure Requirements (RDR) framework. The application of this standard has resulted in reduction in disclosures compared to RDR in Revenue, Leases and Financial Instruments; however has resulted in new and /or increased disclosures in areas such as Audit Fees, Related Parties, and Provisions.

Revenue and Other Income

The association has applied AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers (AASB 15) and AASB 1058: Income of Not-for-Profit Entities (AASB 1058).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the association expects to be entitled in a contract with a customer and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The association recognises revenue when it transfers control of a product or service to a customer. Each major source of revenue is recognised as follows:

Goods and Services

All goods and services other than those detailed below are delivered, invoiced, and paid for simultaneously. Revenue is recognised immediately at the point of sale.

Memberships

Membership is granted following payment of annual fees and in the case of new members, board approval. Payment for new members is due on application, and payment for renewing members is due within one month of the renewal date. Contract liabilities are recognised on receipt of payment, and revenue is recognised on a straight line basis over the period of membership.

Grants

Grant revenue is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income control of the grant is obtained and it is probable that the economic benefits gained from the grant will flow to the Shoalhaven Women's Health Centre Incorporated and the amount of the grant can be measured reliably. If conditions are attached to the grant which must be satisfied before it is eligible to receive the contribution, the recognition of the grant as revenue will be deferred until those conditions are satisfied.

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised on a proportional basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Trade and Other Receivables

Accounts receivable are recognised initially at the transaction price (i.e. cost) and are subsequently measured at cost less provision for impairment. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of accounts receivable and other receivables are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence that the amounts are not recoverable. If so, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in statement of comprehensive income.

Prepayments

Prepayments are recognised when a payment is made for services that the association expects to utilise over a period of time. Prepayments are measured at the unexpended portion of the contractual cost of the services. Expenditure is transferred to profits and losses on a straight line basis over the period to which it relates.

Investment Property

Investment property is measured at cost in accordance with the principles detailed below for property, plant and equipment.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property

Freehold land and buildings are shown at their fair value (being the amount for which an asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction), based on periodic, but at least triennial, valuations by external independent valuers, less accumulated depreciation for buildings.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to a revaluation surplus in other comprehensive income. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in other comprehensive income; all other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount and impairment losses recognised either in profit or loss or as a revaluation decrease if the impairment losses relate to a revalued asset. A formal assessment of the recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the association and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Class of Fixed Asset Land & Buildings Depreciation Rate 0 - 4% Prime Cost

Plant & Equipment

10 - 25% Straight Line

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

Financial Instruments

Recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is the date that the association commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments (except for trade receivables) are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs.

Trade receivables are initially measured at the transaction price.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Impairment

The entity used the general approaches to impairment, as applicable under AASB 9.

Expected credit losses are the probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of a financial instrument. A credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due and all cash flows expected to be received, all discounted at the original effective interest rate of the financial instrument,

At each reporting date, the entity recognises the movement in the loss allowance as an impairment gain or loss in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The carrying amount of financial assets measured at amortised cost includes the loss allowance relating to that asset.

Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the association reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another standard. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other standard.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the association estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Impairment testing is performed annually for intangible assets with indefinite lives.

Where an impairment loss on a revalued asset is identified, this is debited against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same class of asset.

Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the association during the reporting period which remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

Income Tax

The association is exempt from income tax under section 50-5 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the association has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the outflow required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting year. The discount rate used is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the unwinding of the discount is taken to finance costs in the statement of other comprehensive income.

Short term employee benefits

Provision is made for the association's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages and salaries. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The association's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages and salaries are recognised as a part of current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Other long-term employee benefits

The association classifies employee's long service leave and annual leave entitlements as other long-term employee benefits as they are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Provision is made for the association's obligation for other long-term employee benefits, which are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Upon the remeasurement of obligations for other long-term employee benefits, the net change in the obligation is recognised in profit or loss classified under employee benefits expense.

The association's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current liabilities in the statement of financial position, except where the association does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current liabilities.

Leases

At inception of a contract, the association assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. If there is a lease present, a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability is recognised by the association where the association is a lessee. However, all contracts that are classified as short-term leases (i.e. a lease with a remaining lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Initially, the lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments still to be paid at commencement date. The lease payments are discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the association uses the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are as follows:

- fixed lease payments less any lease incentives;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date:
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options;
- lease payments under extension options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options;
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability as mentioned above, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, as well as any initial direct costs. The subsequent measurement of the right-of-use assets is at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shortest. Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset, or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the association anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

For leases that have significantly below-market terms and conditions principally to enable the Entity to further its objectives (commonly known as peppercorn/concessionary leases), the association has adopted the temporary relief under AASB 2018-814 and measures the right-of-use assets at cost on initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The committee members evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information.

Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Association.

Key Estimate: AASB1060.97

An entity shall disclose in the notes information about the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. In respect of those assets and liabilities, the notes shall include details of: (a) their nature; and (b) their carrying amount as at the end of the reporting period.

Key Judgement: AASB1060.96

An entity shall disclose, in the significant accounting policies or other notes, the judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see paragraph 97), that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

		2022	2021
		\$	\$
2	Revenue		
	Revenue		
	Sales Revenue:		
	Sale of goods	200	-
	Alternative Therapist	1,783	1,566
	Massage	4,201	8,020
	Membership	67	70
	Workshop Fees	196	440
	Grant Revenue:		
	Grants Received	512,158	539,378
		518,605	549,474
	Other Income		
	Cashflow Boost		22,035
	Donations	12,486	4,483
	Interest Received	451	979
	Profit/(Loss) on Sale of Non-Current Assets	(34)	-
		12,903	27,497
	Total revenue and other income	531,508	576,971
3	Loss from Ordinary Activities		
	Loss from ordinary activities before income tax expense has been determined after:		
	Expenses:		
	Auditors remuneration:		
	Audit Fees	4,500	4,500
	Total auditor's remuneration	4,500	4,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

		2022 \$	2021 \$
4	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	Current		
	Cash on Hand	201	217
	Bendigo Bank Term Deposit	30,000	30,000
	Bendigo Debit Card	200	182
	Bendigo Cheque Account	2,612	2,973
	Bendigo Investment Account	269,007 302,020	255,701 289,073
5	Trade and Other Receivables		
	Current		
	Sundry Debtors	190	33
	Rental Deposit	1,400	1,400
	Northal Deposit	1,590	1,433
6	Other Current Assets		
	Current		
	Prepayments	3,955	4,906
7	Property, Plant and Equipment		
	Plant and Equipment		
	Plant & Equipment at Cost	74,594	78,876
	Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(65,110)	(65,073)
		9,484	13,803
	Total Plant and Equipment	9,484	13,803

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

					2022 \$	202 \$.1
	Total Property, Plant a	and Equipment			9,484	***************************************	13,803
	Movements in Carrying Movements in carrying beginning and the end of	amount for each o		ty, plant and e	quipment betv	veen the	
		Carrying Value				Carrying Value	
	Plant & Equipment	1 Jul 2021 13,803	Additions -	Disposals (34)	Depreciation (4,285)		_
		13,803	_	(34)	(4,285)	9,484	=
	Current Sundry Creditors Trade Creditors Goods and Services Ta	ж			26,009 667 7,297 33,973		25,374 416 869 26,659
9	Provisions						
	Current Provision for Annual Le Provision for Long Serv Provision for Flexi Time	vice Leave			33,871 39,974 940 74,785		27,593 33,218 998 61,809
	Non-Current Provision for Long Serv	/ice Leave			9,884 9,884		8,249 8,249

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

					2022 \$	202 \$	
	Movements in Carrying Movements in carrying a of the financial year:		class of provision	on between the	e beginning a	nd the end	
		Carrying Value			Unused Amounts	Carrying Value	
		1 Jul 2021	Additions	Charges	Reversed	30 Jun 2022	
	Annual Leave	27,593	35,377	(29,099)	-	33,871	
	Long Service Leave	41,467	14,001	(2,951)	(2,659)	49,858	
	Time in Lieu	998	8,844	(8,902)	-	940	-
		70,058	58,222	(40,952)	(2,659)	84,669	=
10	Other Liabilities						
	Current						
	Accrued Expenses				15,509		16,589
	Income in Advance				67,001		61,001
	Auspiced Funds				7,152		8,441
					89,662		86,031
11	Key Management F	Personnel Co	mpensatior	1			
	Total Compensation			-	104,543		116,856
12	Related Party Tran	sactions					

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions. These terms and conditions are no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

2022	2021
\$	\$

13 Association Details

The registered office of the association is:

5 McGrath Avenue, Nowra NSW 2541

The principal place of business is:

5 McGrath Avenue, Nowra NSW 2541

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

2022	2021
\$	\$

14 Economic Dependence

The entity is dependent on the Illawarra Shoalhaven Local Health District for the majority of its revenue used to operate the business. At the date of this report, the Comittee Members have no reason to believe the Illawarra Shoalhaven Local Health District will not continue to support the Entity.

FINANCIAL DECLARATION FOR RESPONSIBLE PERSON

The Responsible Persons declare that in the Responsible Persons' opinion:

- (a) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the registered entity is able to pay all of its debts, as and when they become due and payable; and
- (b) the financial statements and notes satisfy the requirements of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits Commission Act 2012.

Signed in accordance with subsection 60.15(2) of the Australian Charities and Not-for-profit Commission Regulation 2013.

Committee Member:	Lesster	berg
	Lynette Gerstenberg - Chairperson	0
Committee Member:	Llower	
	Dorothy Winspear - Treasurer	

Dated 17 August 2022

DISCLAIMER ON ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The additional information on the following pages is in accordance with the books and records of Shoalhaven Women's Health Centre Incorporated which have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the association for the year ended 30 June 2022. It will be appreciated that the audit did not cover all details of the additional financial information. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on such financial information and no warranty of accuracy or reliability is given.

In accordance with our firm policy, we advise that neither the firm nor any member or employee of the firm undertakes responsibility arising in any way whatsoever to any person (other than the association) in respect of such information, including any errors or omissions therein, arising through negligence or otherwise however caused.

Booth Partners

David Murphy, CA

52 Osborne Street, Nowra N\$W 2541

Dated 17 August 2022

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DEPARTMENTAL PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	\$	\$
Illawarra Shoalhaven LHD			
INCOME			
Alternative Therapist		1,783	-
Grants Received		309,800	299,170
Massage		4,201	-
Workshop Fees		200_	=
	-	315,984	299,170
EXPENDITURE			
Accounting and Audit Services		2,983	3,492
Bank Charges		(31)	39
Cleaning Expenses		2,744	1,831
Computer Expenses		2,345	1,659
Electricity & Gas		913	904
Insurance		8,035	5,213
Leave Provision - Annual Leave		9,292	2,157
Leave Provision - Long Service Leave		8,133	8,824
Leave Provision - Time in Lieu		(59)	553
Legal Costs		80	160
Minor Equipment Purchases		105	81
Printing & Stationery		1,679	2,035
Registration Fees		1,611	1,329
Rent - Short Term Operating Leases		21,947	18,882
Repairs & Maintenance		1,136	1,731
Salaries		253,356	215,830
Security Costs		363	298
Service Delivery		1,082	2,361
Staff Training & Conferences		85	2,904
Subcontractor		-	6,185
Sundry Expenses		582	814
Superannuation Contributions		25,366	20,410
Supervision		-	420
Telephone & Fax		2,108	1,684
Workshop Expenses		49	63

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

		2022	2021
	Note	\$	\$
	-	343,904	299,859
NET LOSS	-	(27,920)	(689)

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
DCJ - Social Sector Transformation Fund			
INCOME			
Grants Received		27,000 27,000	
EXPENDITURE			
Computer Expenses		2,563	_
Minor Equipment Purchases		16,014	-
Printing & Stationery		166	-
Repairs & Maintenance		357	-
Salaries		3,238	_
Service Delivery		150	-
Staff Training & Conferences		4,088	-
Sundry Expenses		128	-
Superannuation Contributions		304	
		27,008	-
NET PROFIT (LOSS)		(8)	_

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
IWD			
EXPENDITURE			
International Womens Day Expenses	_	(1,600)	1,600
	_	(1,600)	1,600
NET PROFIT (LOSS)	-	1,600	(1,600)

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
	HOLE		Ψ
SWHC			
INCOME			
Alternative Therapist		-	1,566
Cashflow Boost		-	22,035
Donations		12,486	4,483
Interest Received		451	979
Massage		-	8,020
Membership		67	70
Profit/(Loss) on Sale of Non-Current Assets		(34)	-
Workshop Fees	_	196	440
	_	13,166	37,593
EXPENDITURE			
Bank Charges		51	84
Cleaning Expenses		-	261
Depreciation		4,285	4,683
Insurance		-	620
Salaries		-	30,269
Sundry Expenses		-	158
Superannuation Contributions	_	-	2,876
	_	4,336	38,951
NET PROFIT (LOSS)	- -	8,830	(1,358)

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
BSBR			
INCOME			
Grants Received	- -	16,650 16,650	
EXPENDITURE			
Leave Provision - Annual Leave		1,950	
Leave Provision - Time in Lieu		257	-
Minor Equipment Purchases		1,589	-
Salaries		11,142	-
Service Delivery		838	-
Superannuation Contributions		1,114	-
		16,890	-
NET PROFIT (LOSS)	-	(240)	+

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
DSS - Financial Counselling			
INCOME			
Grants Received		158,708	240,208
	-	158,708	240,208
EXPENDITURE			
Auditor's Remuneration		1,517	1,008
Bank Charges		156	64
Cleaning Expenses		1,333	1,351
Computer Expenses		1,279	1,307
Electricity & Gas		346	468
Insurance		1,581	3,377
Leasing Charges (Rent)		13,686	16,358
Leave Provision - Annual Leave		(4,964)	-
Legal Costs		-	120
Minor Equipment Purchases		-	100
Printing & Stationery		1,026	1,480
Registration Fees		445	1,071
Repairs & Maintenance		750	1,396
Salaries		123,698	185,922
Security Costs		205	240
Service Delivery		59	908
Staff Training & Conferences		1,628	2,682
Sundry Expenses		390	701
Superannuation Contributions		11,487	17,696
Telephone & Fax		4,054	3,926
Workshop Expenses		16_	28
		158,692	240,203
NET PROFIT	•	16	5

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	2022 \$	2021 \$
	- D	
INCOME		
Cashflow Boost		22.025
Donations	-	22,035
Grants Received	12,486	4,483
Profit on Sale of Non Current Assets	512,158	539,378
Interest Received	(34) 451	- 979
Alternative Therapist		
Massage	1,783	1,566
Membership	4,201 67	8,020 70
Workshop Fees	396	440
Workshop rees	531,508	576,971
EXPENDITURE		370,971
Auditor's Remuneration	4.500	4.500
Bank Charges	4,500 176	4,500 187
Cleaning Expenses	4,077	3,443
Computer Expenses	4,077 6,187	3,443 2,966
Depreciation	4,285	2,966 4,683
Electricity & Gas	4,265 1,259	1,372
Insurance	9,616	9,210
International Womens Day Expenses	(1,600)	1,600
Rent - Short Term Operating Leases	35,633	35,240
Legal Costs	80	280
Leave Provision - Time in Lieu	198	553
Leave Provision - Long Service Leave	8,133	8,824
Leave Provision - Annual Leave	6,278	2,157
Minor Equipment Purchases	17,708	181
Printing & Stationery	2,871	3,515
Registration Fees	2,056	2,400
Repairs & Maintenance	2,243	3,127
Salaries	391,434	432,021
Security Costs	568	538
Service Delivery	2,129	3,269
Staff Training & Conferences	5,801	5,586
Subcontractor	-	6,185

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Sundry Expenses	1,100	1,673
Superannuation Contributions	38,271	40,982
Supervision	, -	420
Telephone & Fax	6,162	5,610
Workshop Expenses	65	91
	549,230	580,613
NET DEFICIT	(17,722)	(3,642)